

Securing Distributed System Configuration through Optimization and Reasoning on Graphs



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ABSTRACT: Evaluating the security impact of configuration changes on a distributed system is an inherently complex challenge. Existing solutions simplify the problem by optimizing only individual components while ignoring complex interdependencies amongst components. In contrast, we construct a graph-based model of the system and its vulnerabilities that captures such dependencies. Inspired by a model that assesses the impact of multi-step attacks [1], we show how to reason about security impact of configurations. We employ SMT solvers to derive configurations that minimize the impact of attacks while preserving system functionality.

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Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)

GRAPH-BASED MODELING APPROACH:

Express dependencies between configuration parameters, vulnerabilities, and functional components as a multi-layer graph.



Globally optimal security decisions cannot be made without dependency information: dependencies help in analyzing the cascading impact of both attacks and configuration changes.



PRELIMINARY RESULTS: We built

configuration, attack and dependency graphs for the above system in Neo4j, and solved the following optimization problem in Z3.



ONGOING WORK:

- Automate the construction of configuration subgraphs from standard operating procedures and component specifications.
- Examine unsat core and tradeoff security against functionality.
- Provide evidence and explanation of secure configurations.

[1] M. Albanese and S. Jajodia, "A graphical model to assess the impact of multi-step attacks," Journal of Defense

Modeling and Simulation, vol. 15, no. 1, pp. 79–93, January 2018.

